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What does the renewables readiness assessment mean for Bosnia & Herzegovina?

"The Renewables Readiness Assessment represents an important step in the process of gradual transition from fossil fuels to renewable energy sources on the way to the decarbonisation Bosnia and Herzegovina's energy sector by 2050, for which we are grateful to IRENA.

Why should Bosnia and Herzegovina invest in an integrated strategy?

An integrated strategy will provide investors with certainty and predictability, leading to a diversified economy and sustainable jobs creation. "The forthcoming National Climate and Energy Plan will put Bosnia and Herzegovina on the right path to ensure the energy security while improving its long-term resilience to climate change.

What is the public sector doing in Bosnia and Herzegovina?

ministries and funds. The activities conducted by the public sector in Bosnia and Herzegovina so far have been carried out individually, by making efforts to establish a strategic, legislative and regulatory framework for energy efficiency, and by implementing projects for energy renovation of building

Does Bosnia and Herzegovina have a framework for energy labeling?

ergy Community Treaty. In this regard, Bosnia and Herzegovina has an obligation to establish a framework for energy labelingand to adopt certain regulations on e ergy-related products. This Regulation establishes a framework applicable to energy-related products (" products ") placed on the mark

Why does Bosnia & Herzegovina suffer a heavy cost of air pollution?

Sarajevo,Bosnia and Herzegovina,25 September 2023 - Despite being a net electricity exporter,Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH) bears the heavy cost of air pollution and health impacts due to the dominance of fossil fuelsin its current energy mix.

How many energy audits have been performed in Bosnia & Herzegovina?

al energy consumption. The registers of energy certificates of buildings, which have been established in the Republika Srpska and in the Federation of BiH, show that a total of 1203 energy auditsof buildings have been performed in Bosnia and Herzegovina so far, i.e. 1203 certifi

developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided

National Energy and Climate Plan of Bosnia and Herzegovina (NECP). The plan should contain clear definitions of targets for renewable energy sources, reducing final energy consumption, primary energy supply, and greenhouse gas emissions from the energy sector. In addition, the plan should prescribe

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appropriate policies

The Energy Efficiency Action Plan in Bosnia and Herzegovina (NEEAP 2019-2021, drafted) defines national targets for reducing final and primary energy consumption for the threeyear period 2019- - 2021. The goals are defined based on the trajectories of final (TFEC) and primary (TPES) energy, which

This Renewables Readiness Assessment (RRA), developed by the International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA) in close cooperation with the Ministry of Foreign Trade and Economic Relations (MoFTER), aims to support Bosnia and Herzegovina on its path towards integrating a higher share of renewable energy, and diversifying its national energy mix to ...

The Renewables Readiness Assessment: Bosnia and Herzegovina finds that integrated short- and long-term strategies that aim to increase the share of diverse renewables will not only lead BiH to address ...

The Renewables Readiness Assessment: Bosnia and Herzegovina finds that integrated short- and long-term strategies that aim to increase the share of diverse renewables will not only lead BiH to address those impacts, but also ensure its energy security and increase its readiness to join the European Union (EU).

Under its draft NECP (2023), Bosnia and Herzegovina aims to reach a share of 43.6% of renewables in final energy consumption by 2030 (up from 36.6% in 2021), including 70% for electricity, 61% for heating and cooling, and 8.4% for transport (46%, 53%, and 0.2%, respectively, in 2021).

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Panelists agreed that achieving a sustainable energy future for Bosnia and Herzegovina will require a collaborative approach, involving not only government initiatives but also active participation from businesses, academia, and local communities.



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