

Does equipment cost affect economic sensitivity of zero-carbon microgrid?

Paper analyzes economic sensitivity of zero-carbon microgrid according to a reduction of equipment cost and an increase of annual hydrogen production hours by 20 % and 50 %. It can be seen from Fig. 11 that system equipment cost reduces as the cost of hydrogen-related equipment drops, but rises slightly as annual hydrogen production hour increases.

Are zero-carbon microgrids economically feasible?

Currently, there is no systematic comparative analysis on the economic feasibility of applying different technical options to zero-carbon microgrids. This article analyzes the impact of different hydrogen production, storage, and power generation methods on the economic feasibility of zero-carbon microgrids in four typical scenarios in China.

Which energy storage system is best for zero-carbon microgrids?

Provided by the Springer Nature SharedIt content-sharing initiative Policies and ethics Hydrogen energy storage system (HEES) is considered the most suitable long-term energy storage technology solution for zero-carbon microgrids.

What are the different types of energy composition in zero-carbon microgrids?

From Table 1, it can be seen that the common forms of energy composition in zero-carbon microgrid cases currently include photovoltaics, wind turbines, and energy storage equipment (primarily hydrogen storage, battery storage, and thermal storage).

Can a zero-carbon microgrid be based on hydrogen energy storage?

As a clean and efficient energy source, hydrogen has the characteristics of long-term and cross-season energy storage properties, which is suitable for the needs of zero-carbon microgrids. Constructing a zero-carbon microgrid based on hydrogen energy storage has currently become a universal path.

What are the development trends of a zero-carbon microgrid?

Then, three development trends of the zero-carbon microgrid are discussed, including an extremely high ratio of clean energy, large-scale energy storage, and an extremely high ratio of power electronic devices. Next, the challenges in achieving the zero-carbon microgrids in terms of feasibility, flexibility, and stability are discussed in detail.

Due to the energy storage lifetime effects of the power allocation, there is a large space to improve the economy of the electric-hydrogen hybrid DC microgrid. This paper provides an optimal control method based on ...

In the light of sustainable development goals (SDG) optimal utilization of various sustainable hybrid renewable energy sources along with storage is the need of the hour. To champion this ...

In [17], the effect of vehicle-to-grid (V2G) and EA charging strategies are studied for an airport micro grid with PV and hydrogen storage. Xing et al. use a mixed integer linear ...

The current need to reduce carbon emissions makes hydrogen use essential for self-consumption in microgrids. ... 2020. x ABSTRACT OF THE THESIS Techno-economic analysis of a ...

1. Introduction. In the past years, the great acceleration of integration distributed generations (DGs), especially renewable energy sources (RESs), up to 60% until 2050 [1], into ...

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Therefore, this article analyzes the most economical technical path selection for HEES in the zero-carbon microgrid scenario with the optimal system configuration, using the ...

Researchers have investigated the techno-economics and characteristics of Li-ion and lead-acid batteries to study their response with different application profiles [2], [3], [4], ...

According to the existing literature [3], [7], [8], [9], typical simple microgrids (one type of energy source) connected to the main grid have a rated power capacity in the range of ...

Optimal techno-economic feasibility study of net-zero carbon emission microgrid integrating second-life battery energy storage system Energy Convers. Manag., 266 (2022), ...

