

How will EU energy policy affect Italy's electricity system?

EU energy policy and international developments will have implications for Italy's electricity system. Both call for an acceleration of the transition towards renewable sources of electricity generation.

How can Italy improve energy security?

As regards energy security, Italy is planning to reduce import dependence via the increase of renewable sources and energy efficiency efforts. The further diversification of sources of supply and the promotion of a more secure, flexible and resilient gas sector are other important objectives.

What is Italy's energy policy?

In line with the EU energy and climate policy framework, Italy's energy policy aims to decarbonise the energy supply through the expansion of renewable energy, electrification and increased energy efficiency across the economy. This is also broadly consistent with the IEA roadmap to net zero (IEA, 2021).

What is Italy's energy decree?

On December 9, 2023 the Italian Government approved Law Decree No. 181/2023 (the "Energy Decree"), which was converted with amendments into Law No. 11 of February 2, 2024. The purpose of the Energy Decree is to improve Italy's energy security, promote the use of renewable energy sources, and support energy-intensive companies.

What is Italy's national energy strategy?

**INTRODUCTION NATIONAL ENERGY STRATEGY** - Energy will drive Italy's change. The National Energy Strategy is the ten-year plan that the Italian Government drew up to anticipate and manage the change of the national energy system: a document looking beyond 2030, and laying the groundwork for building an advanced and innovative energy model.

What are Italy's emergency response procedures for electricity supply disruptions?

Italy has developed a clear set of emergency response procedures for electricity supply disruptions, and various risk scenarios have been outlined in its Risk Preparedness Plan, including cyber-attacks, weather- and climate-related events, and physical attacks on electricity infrastructure.

While Italy has made significant strides in reducing dependence on Russian gas and diversifying its energy sources, there is a pressing need for more sustainable solutions. Italy's efforts to achieve its climate targets, aligning with the EU's Fit for 55 package, revealed the urgency of enhancing renewable energy capacity.

Revise the National Energy and Climate Plan, in line with the European Union timetable, to strengthen energy security, including by defining a plan that would enable Italy to end any reliance on Russian fossil fuels, while incorporating Italy's commitments under the European Union's Fit-for-55 package and its 2050

carbon-neutrality target ...

The scheme notified by Italy will support the construction of electricity storage facilities with a joint capacity of more than 9 GW/71 GWh. The scheme will run until 31 December 2033. The measure aims to facilitate the integration of renewable energy sources ("RES") in ...

Italy's National Energy Strategy 2017 (the Strategy) lays down the actions to be achieved by 2030, in accordance with the long-term scenario drawn up in the EU Energy Roadmap 2050, which provides for a reduction of emissions by at least 80% from their 1990 levels.

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Italy's latest Risk Preparedness Plan was adopted in January 2022. Regular assessments are carried out by the TSO to gauge the adequacy of Italy's electricity system and identify potential risks to electricity supply.

enabling policies required to comply with Italian energy regulations that an essentially decarbonised electricity system in 2035 will need to have in place in 2030 and 2035. The system will be the most economical of all those guaranteeing decarbonisation and security while complying with certain hypotheses (or policy choices applied to the

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The Italian draft integrated National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP) largely builds on the 2017 Italian Energy Strategy and is intended to implement a vision of broad economic transformation, in which decarbonisation, energy efficiency and renewables priorities contribute to the objectives of a more environmentally friendly economy.

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